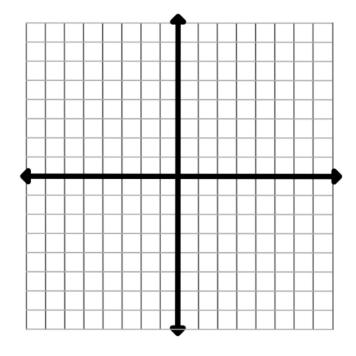
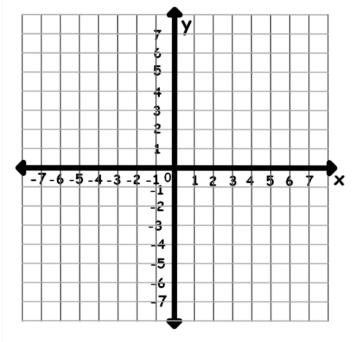
Name:	Pd:	Date:	
I Tallie.			

Plane



- (1) Label the four quadrants.
- (2) Label the horizontal axis (x-axis)
- (3) Label the vertical axis (y-axis)
- (4) Label the origin (0, 0)

(c)kt



Plot the following points:

(0,5)

(0,1)

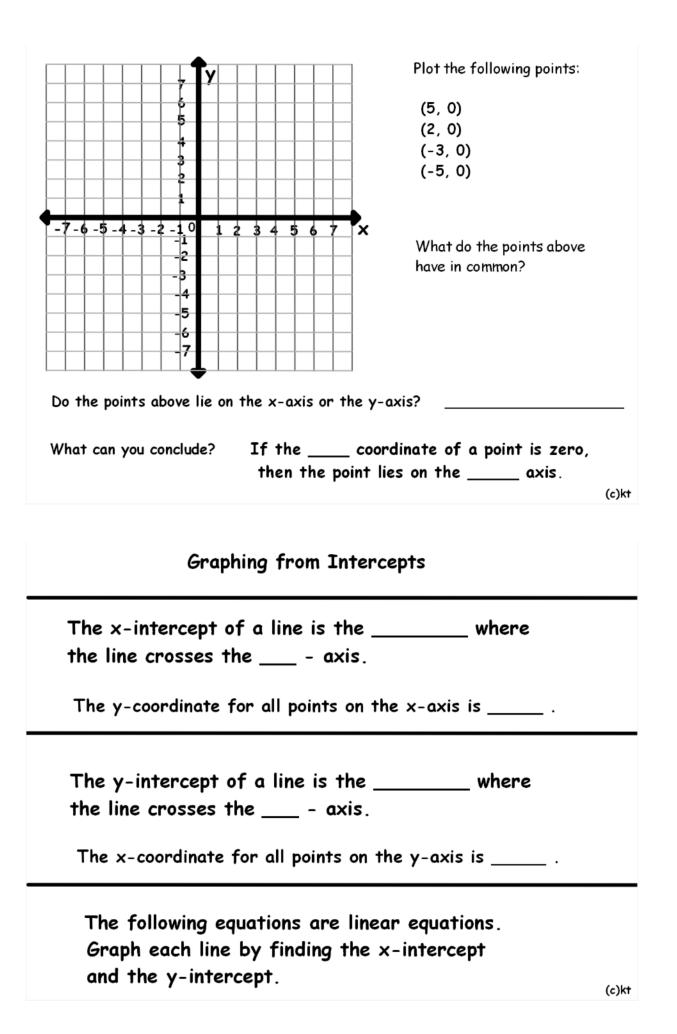
(0, -2)

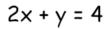
(0, -5)

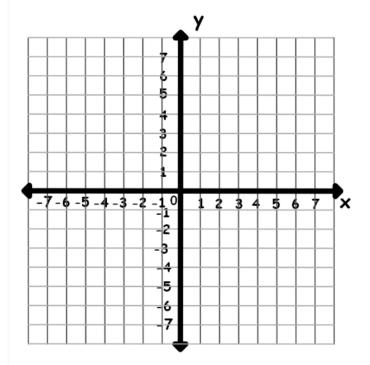
What do the points above have in common?

Do the points above lie on the x-axis or the y-axis?

What can you conclude? If the \_\_\_\_ coordinate of a point is zero, then the point lies on the \_\_\_\_ axis.





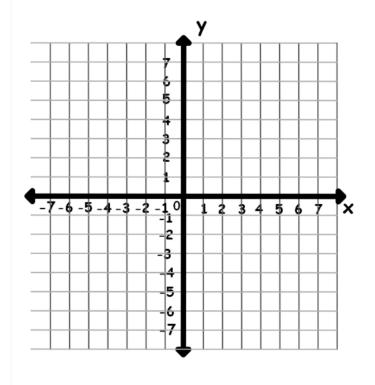


Find the y-intercept and then plot it.

Draw a line <u>through</u> the two points.

(c)kt

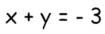
$$x - 3y = 6$$

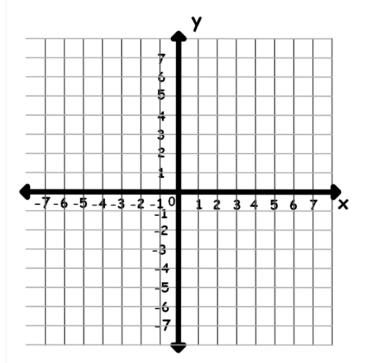


Find the x-intercept and then plot it.

Find the y-intercept and then plot it.

Draw a line <u>through</u> the two points.



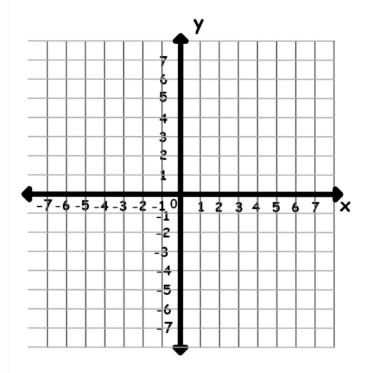


Find the y-intercept and then plot it.

Draw a line <u>through</u> the two points.

(c)kt

$$x + 5y = 0$$

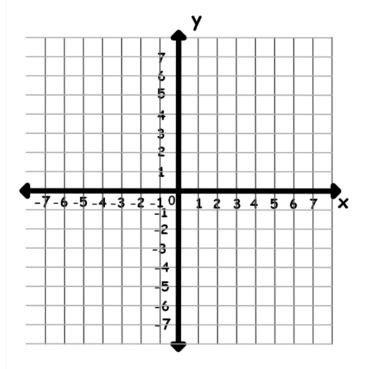


Find the x-intercept and then plot it.

Find the y-intercept and then plot it.

Draw a line <u>through</u> the two points.



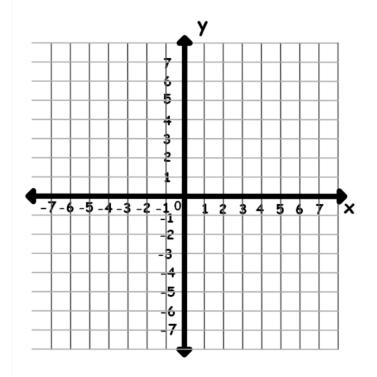


Find the y-intercept and then plot it.

Draw a line through the two points.

(c)kt

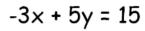
$$4x - 2y = 8$$

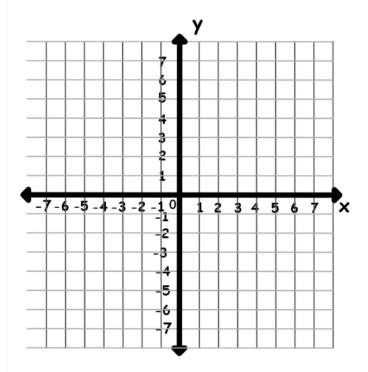


Find the x-intercept and then plot it.

Find the y-intercept and then plot it.

Draw a line through the two points.



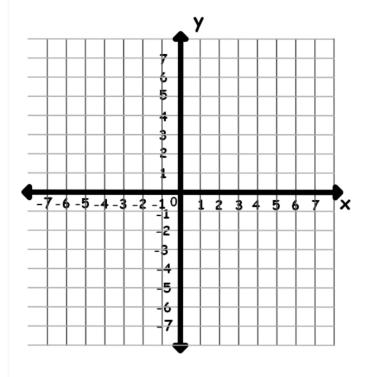


Find the y-intercept and then plot it.

Draw a line <u>through</u> the two points.

(c)kt

$$- x - 2y = 6$$



Find the x-intercept and then plot it.

Find the y-intercept and then plot it.

Draw a line <u>through</u> the two points.